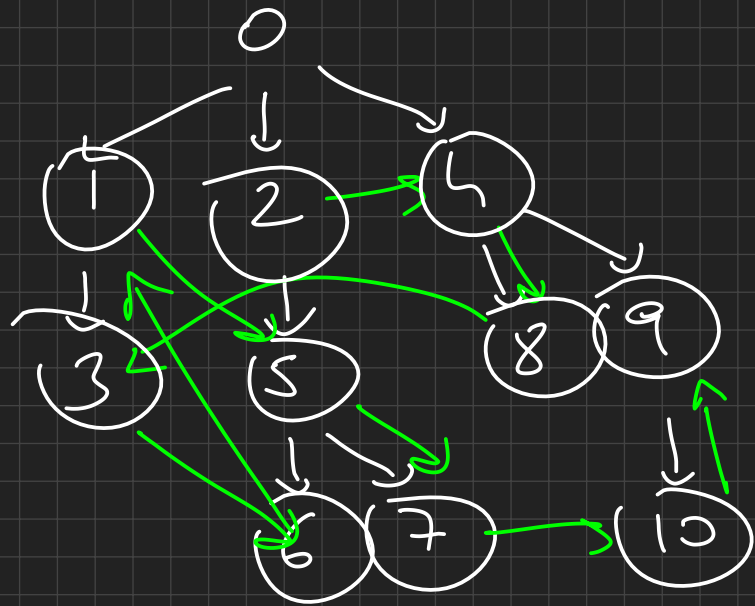
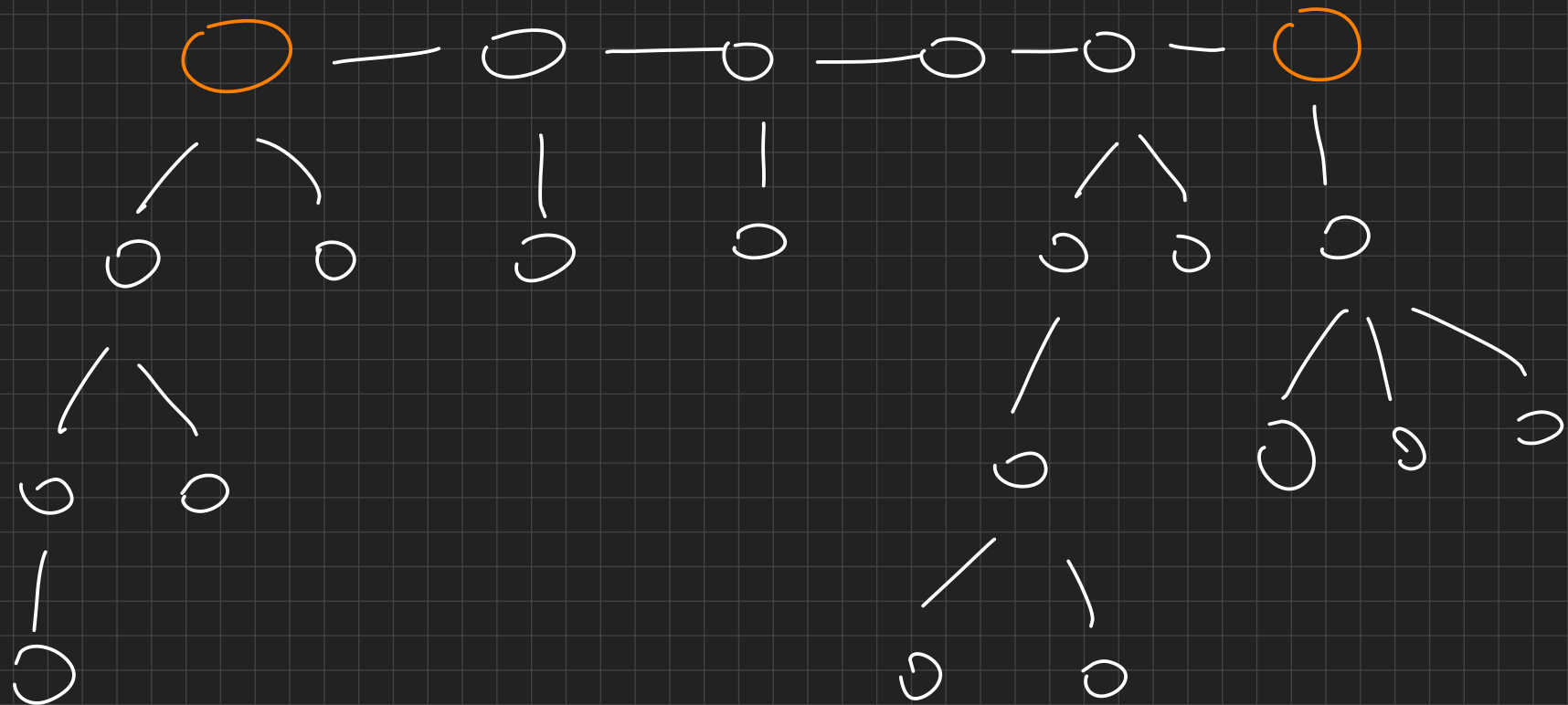




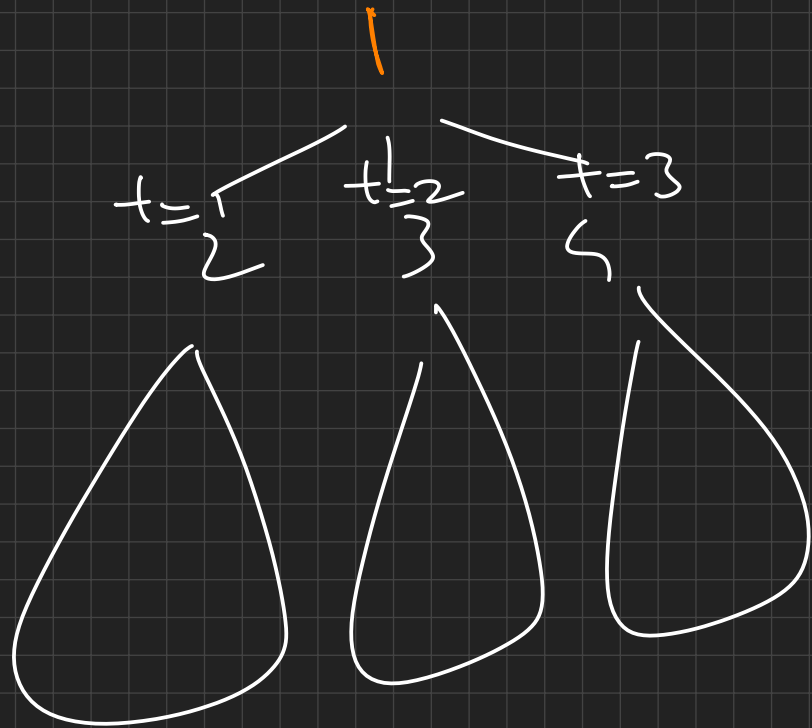
$dp[i] = \text{tempo per finire}$
dal nodo i

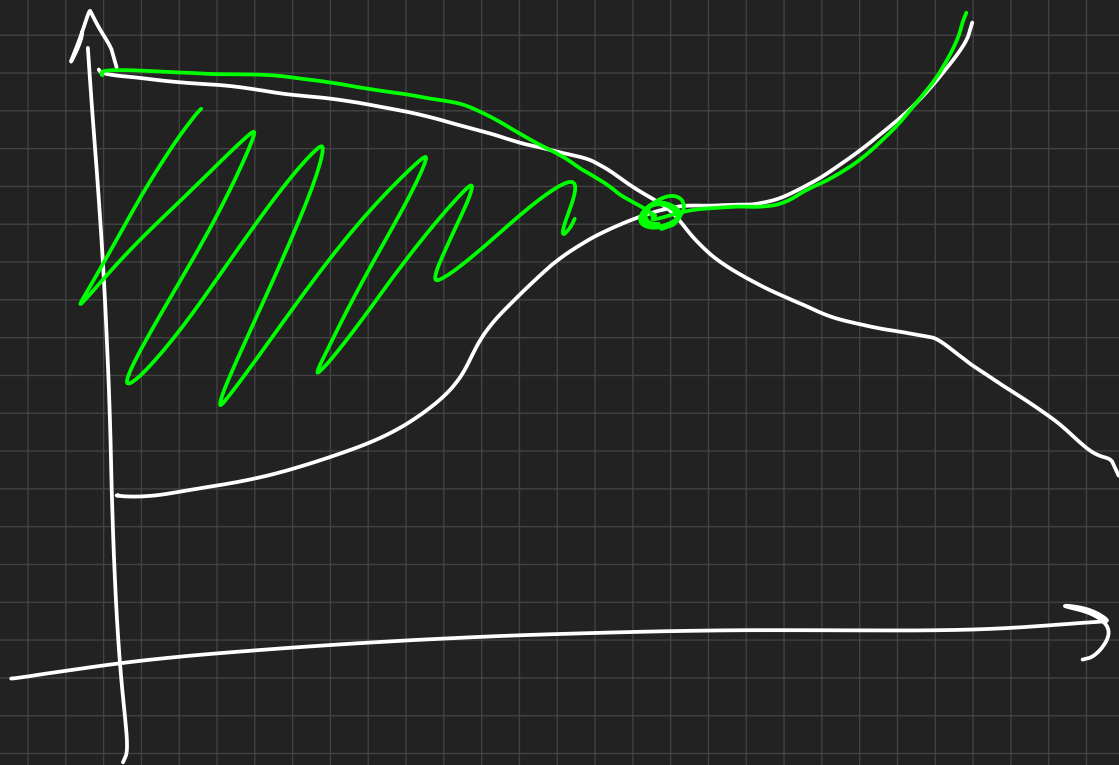
$z_1, \dots, z_k$

$$dp[i] = \max(dp[z_i] + i)$$

(z_i figli, devo scegliere
l'ordine)

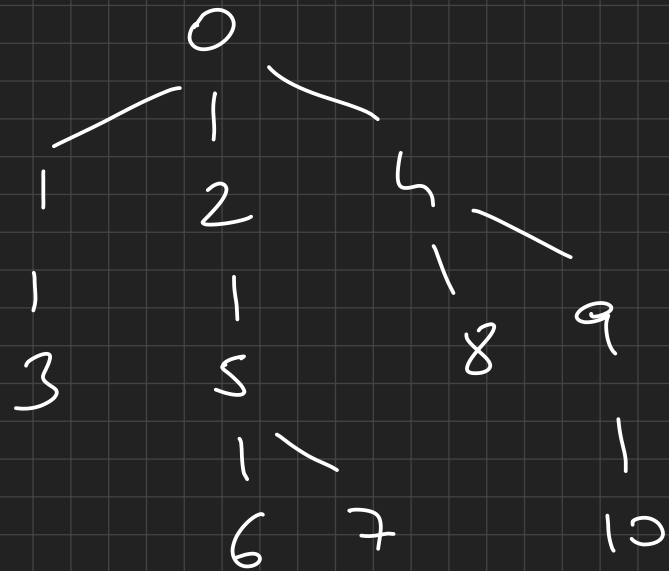
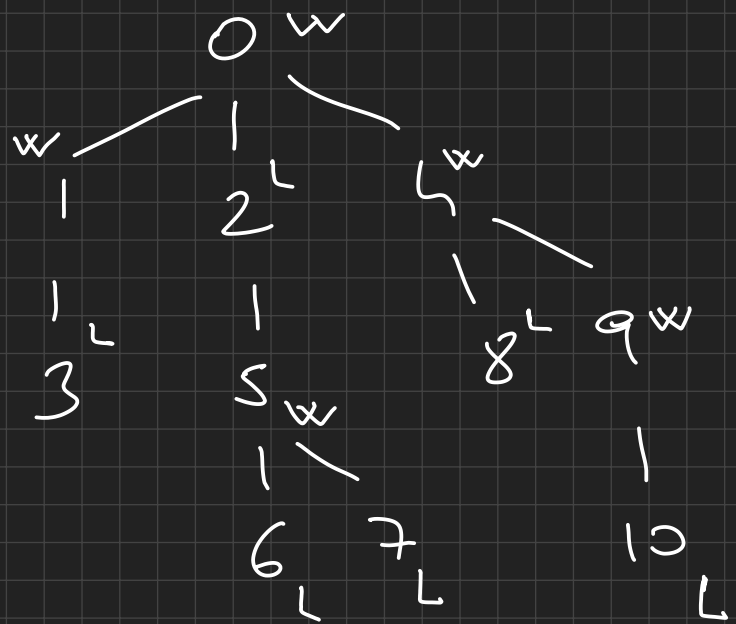
(ordino gli z_i per
 $dp[z_i]$ decrescente)





OTTOBRÈ aka CEOI 2020 STARTREK

• $D = 1$ $N \leq 1000$



W nodi vincenti

L nodi perdenti

F nodi perdenti "forzabili"

1° caso: se la radice è vincente $(N - F)N + \underline{FW}$

2° caso: se la radice è perdente FL

$D > 1$

Supponiamo di conoscere $\sum W$, $\sum L$ su ogni modo di connettere
 k alberi:
 W_k L_k

$$W_{k+1} = \sum_{j \in \text{int}_i} (N - F_j)(W_k + L_k) + F_j W_k + \sum_{j \in \text{ext}_i} F_j L_k$$

$$= \sum_{j \in \text{int}_i} N W_k + N L_k - \cancel{F_j W_k} - \cancel{F_j L_k} + \cancel{F_j W_k} + \sum_{j \in \text{ext}_i} F_j L_k$$

$$= \sum_{j \in \text{int}_i} \underline{L_k(N - F_j)} + \underline{N W_k} - \sum_{j \in \text{ext}_i} \underline{F_j L_k}$$

$$L_{k+1} = \sum_{j \in \text{int}_i} F_j L_k + \sum_{j \in \text{ext}_i} (N - F_j)(W_k + L_k)$$

$$= \sum_{j \in \text{int}_i} F_j L_k + \sum_{j \in \text{ext}_i} L_k(N - F_j) + N W_k$$

$$M_{00} = \sum_{j \text{ vinti}} F_j + \sum_{j \text{ pari}} N - F_j$$

$$M_{01} = \sum_{j \text{ pari}} N$$

$$M_{10} = \sum_{j \text{ pari}} F_j + \sum_{j \text{ vinti}} N - F_j$$

$$M_{11} = \sum_{j \text{ vinti}} N$$

$$\begin{cases} L_{k+1} = M_{00} L_k + M_{01} W_k \\ W_{k+1} = M_{10} L_k + M_{11} W_k \end{cases}$$

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} M_{00} & M_{01} \\ M_{10} & M_{11} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} L_{n+1} \\ W_{n+1} \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} L_n \\ W_n \end{pmatrix}$$

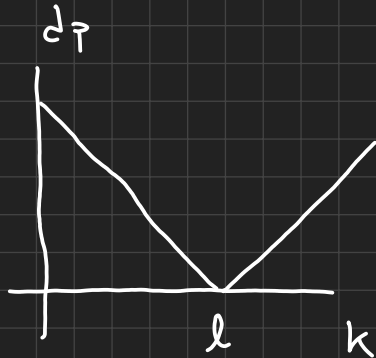
$$\begin{pmatrix} F_{n+1} \\ F_n \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} F_n \\ F_{n-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{pmatrix} F_{n+k} \\ F_{n+k-1} \end{pmatrix} &= \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdots \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^k} \begin{pmatrix} F_n \\ F_{n-1} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^k \begin{pmatrix} F_n \\ F_{n-1} \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

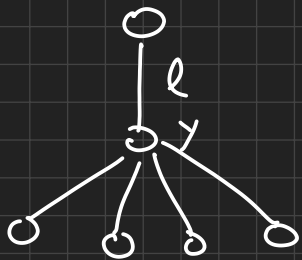
$$\begin{pmatrix} L_D \\ W_D \end{pmatrix} = M^D \begin{pmatrix} L_0 \\ W_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

DICEMBRE 2022 AT101C - FIREWORKS

$dp[i][k]$ = min costo per avere tutte le foglie nel sottoalbero di i
a distanza k dal padre di i .



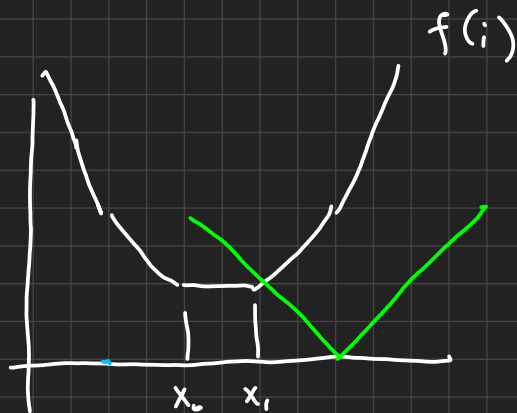
per una foglia $dp(k) = |k - l|$



$$dp[y][k] = \min_{i=0}^k \left(\sum_{z \text{ fig } i} dp[z][i] + |k - i - l| \right)$$

$$\parallel$$

$$C(k) = \min_{i=0}^k \left(f(i) + |k - i - l| \right)$$



$$\cdot k \leq x_0 \Rightarrow C(k) = f(k) + l \leftarrow$$

$$\cdot x_0 \leq k \leq x_0 + l \Rightarrow C(k) = f(x_0) + |k - x_0 - l|$$

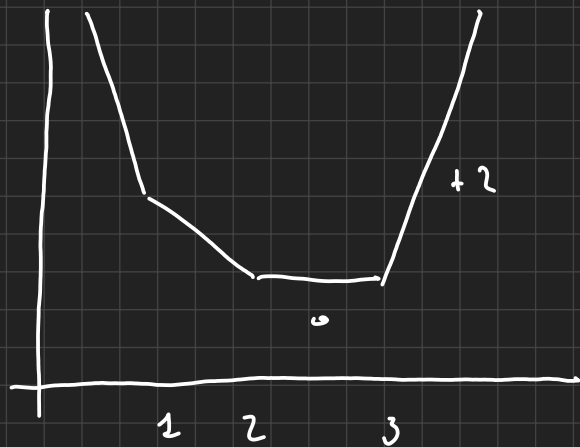
$$= f(x_0) + \underline{(x_0 - k)} + l$$

$$\cdot x_0 + l \leq k \leq x_1 + l \Rightarrow C(k) = f(x_0) = f(x_1)$$

$$\cdot k > x_1 + l \Rightarrow C(k) = f(x_1) + |k - x_1 - l|$$

$$= f(x_1) - \underline{(x_1 + l)} + k$$

SLOPE TRICK



$\{1, 2, 3, 3\}$

$$\sum_{j \text{ flip}} dp = \cup \text{ slope trick}$$